

2.

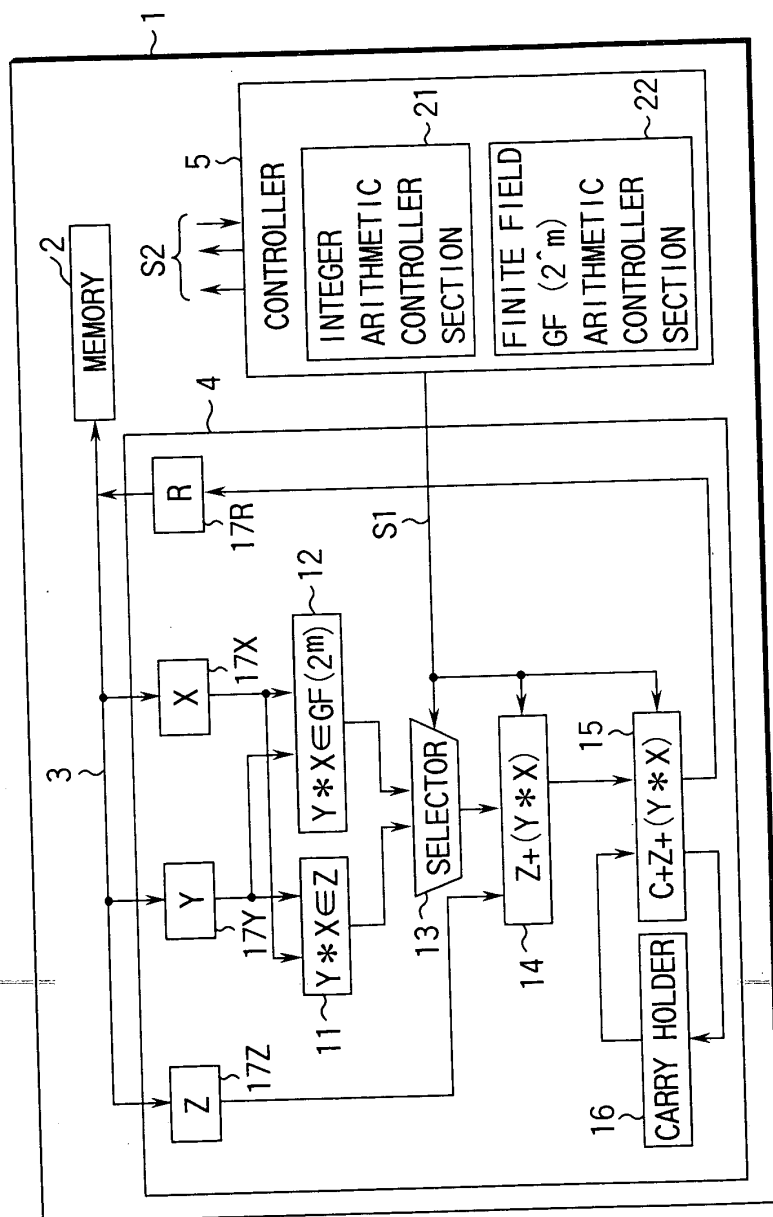


FIG. 1

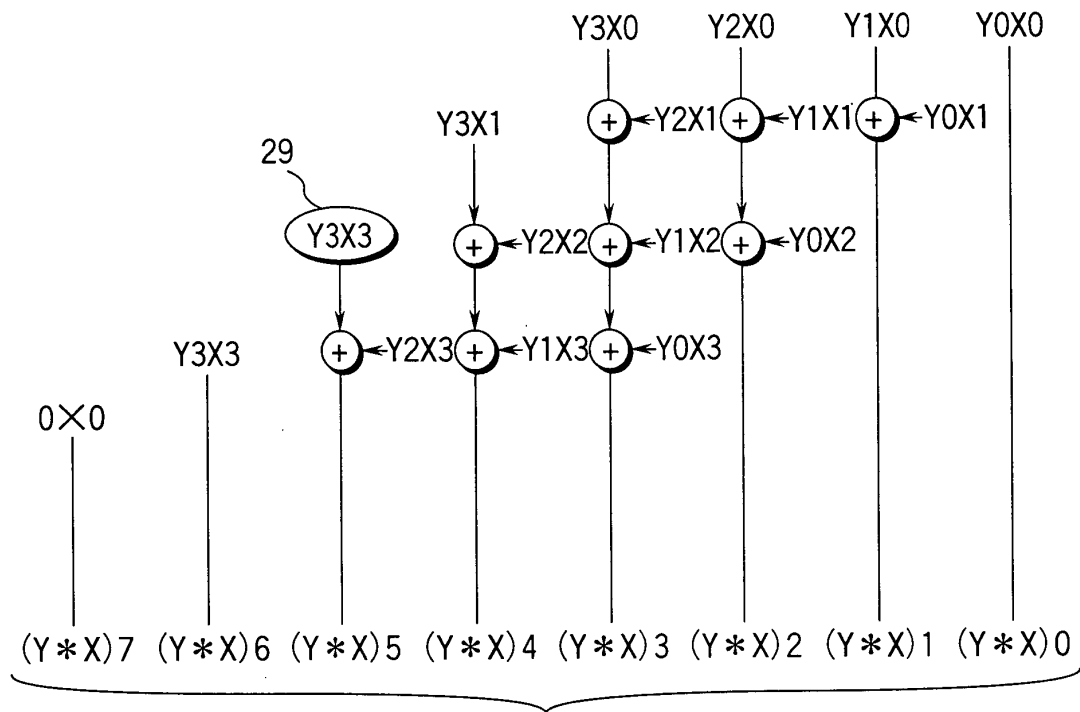


FIG. 2A

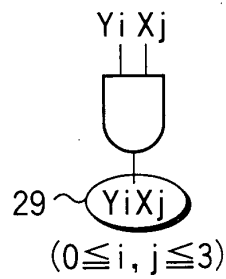


FIG. 2B

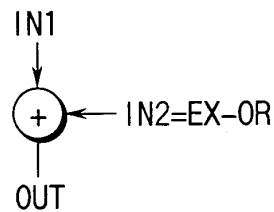


FIG. 2C

00670-2460

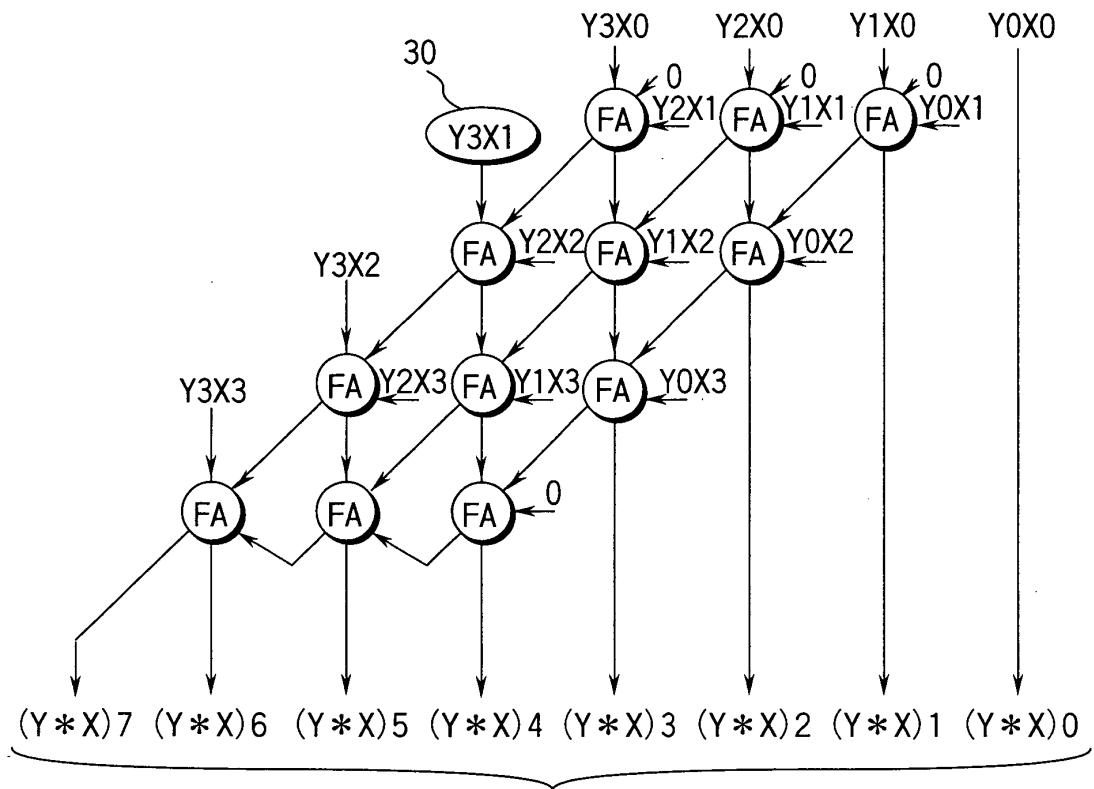


FIG. 3A

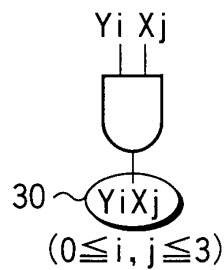


FIG. 3B

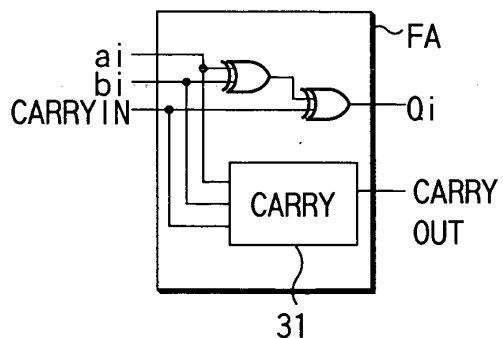


FIG. 3C

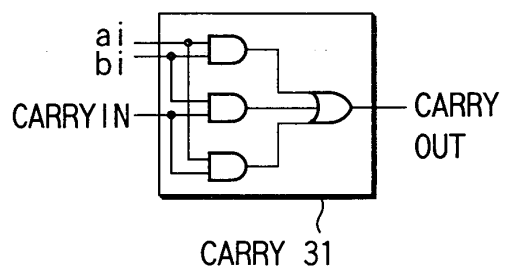
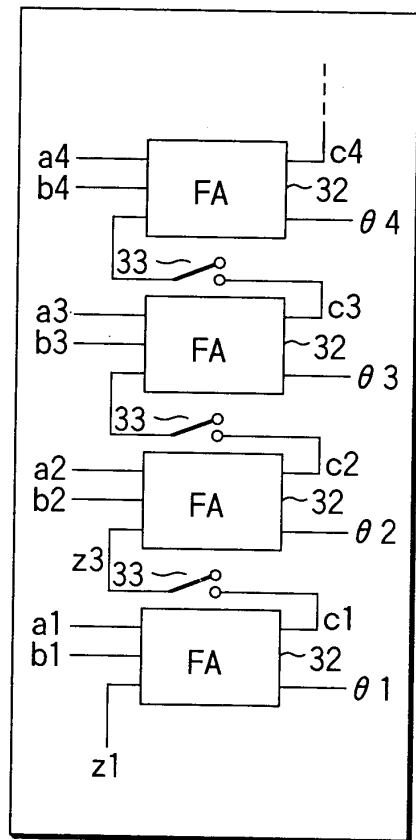


FIG. 3D

FIG. 4



14, 15

FIG. 4

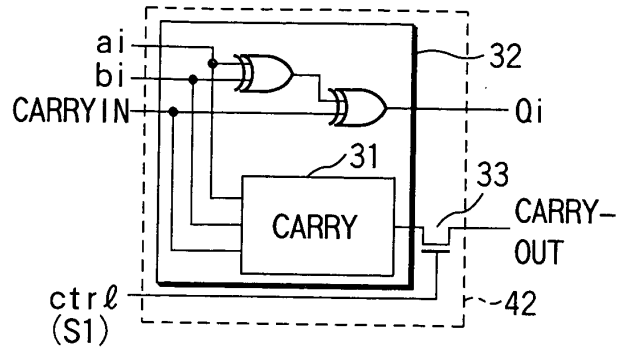


FIG. 5

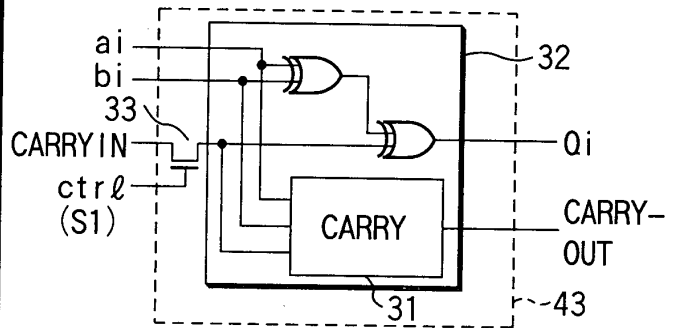


FIG. 6

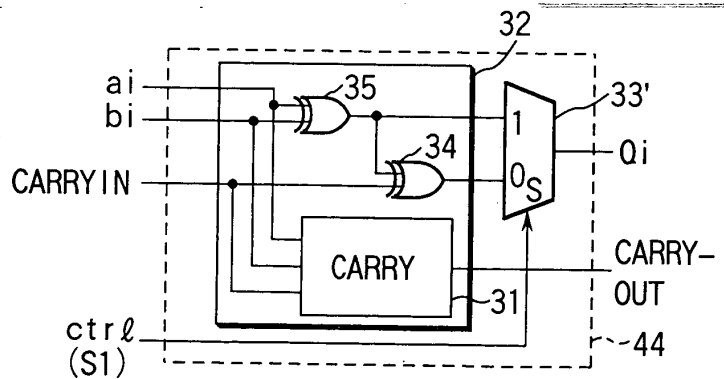


FIG. 7

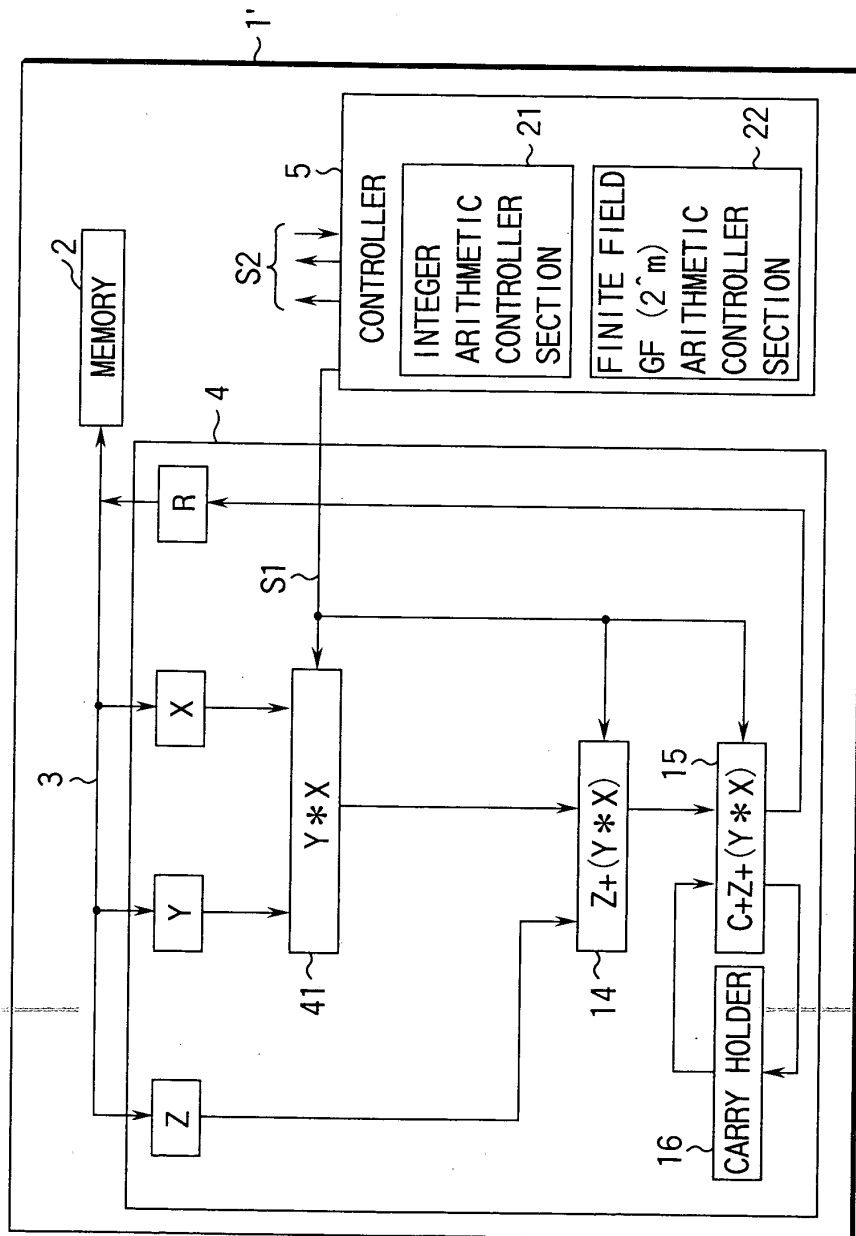


FIG. 8

FIG. 9A

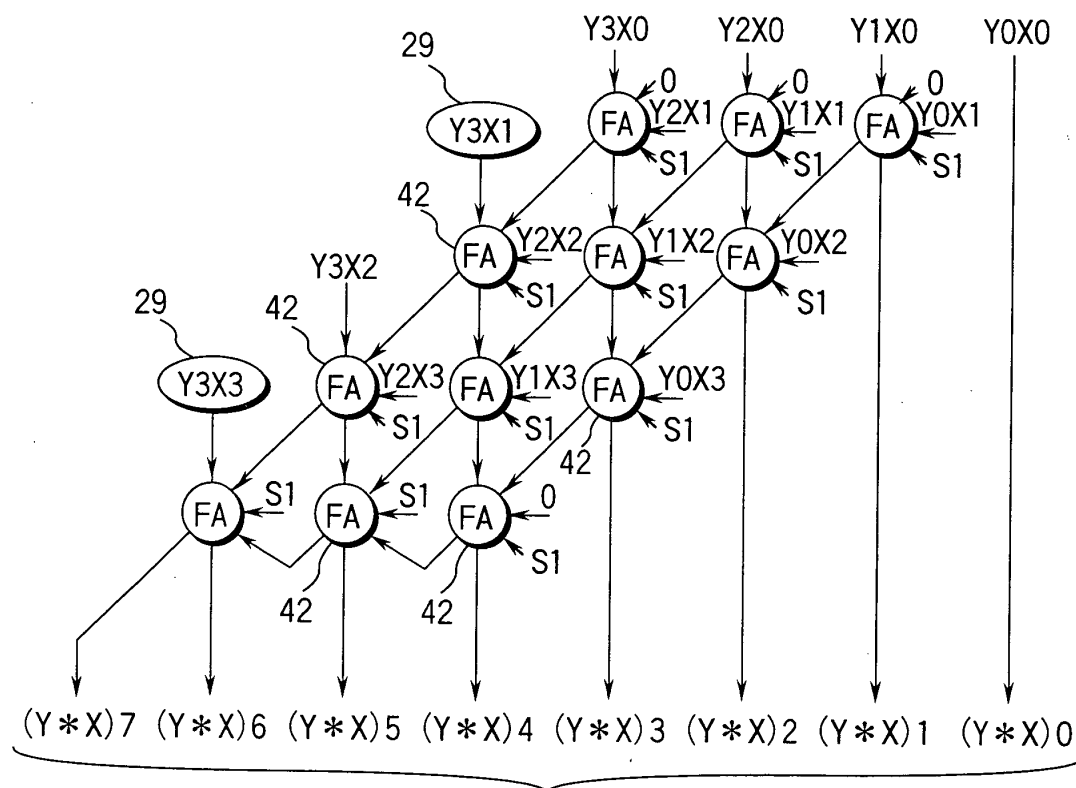


FIG. 9A

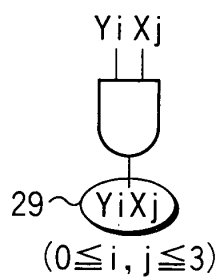


FIG. 9B

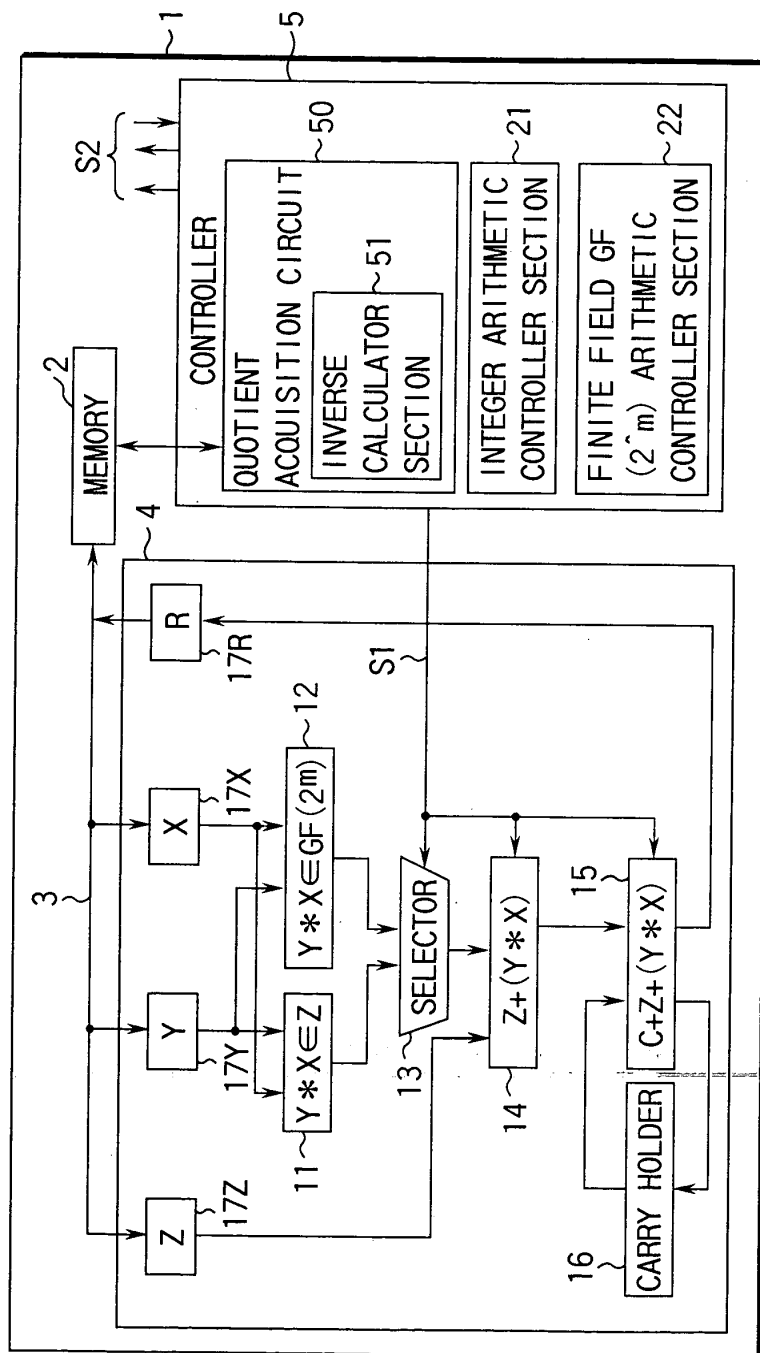


FIG. 10

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

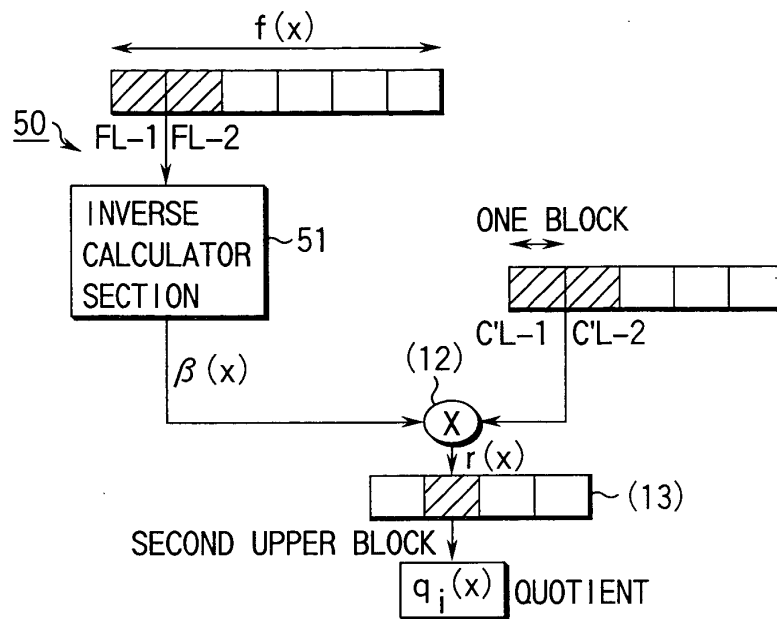


FIG. 11

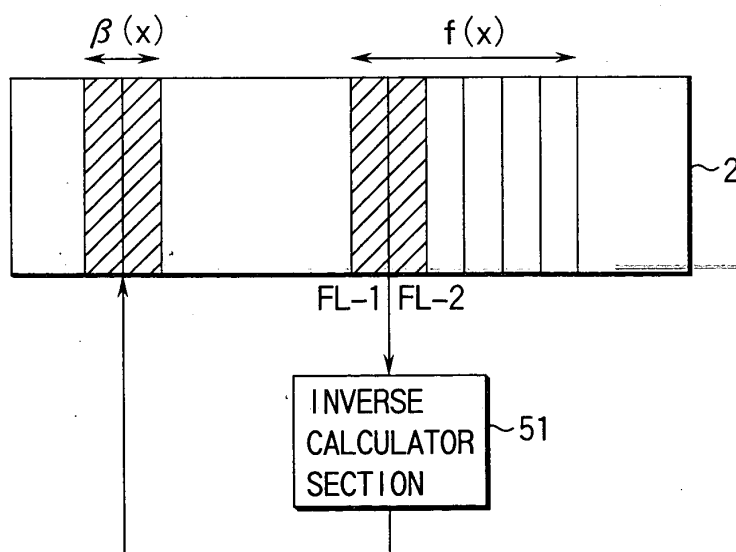


FIG. 12

005719-034660

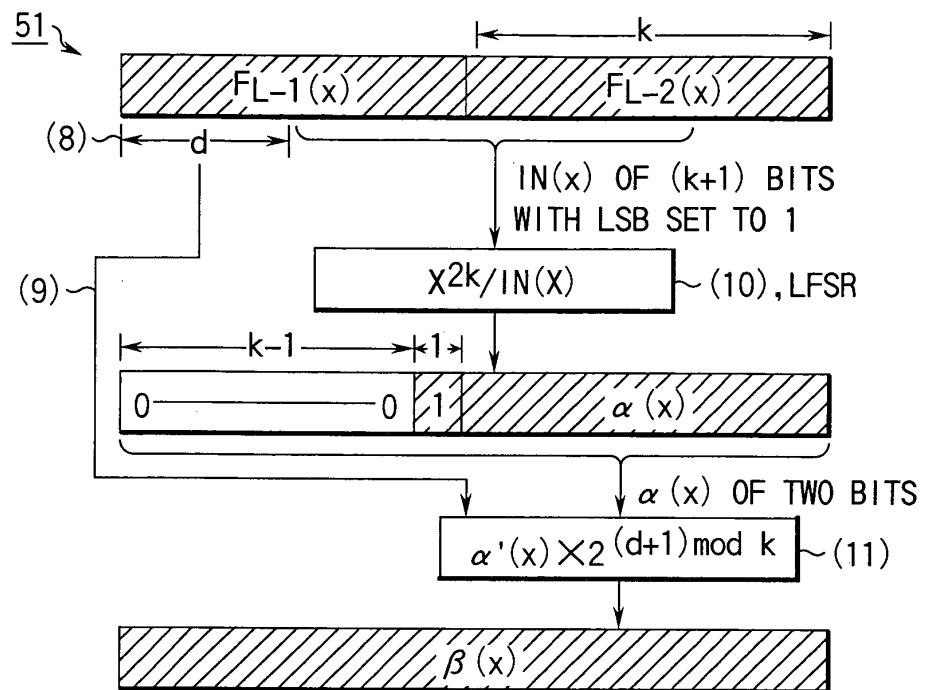


FIG. 13

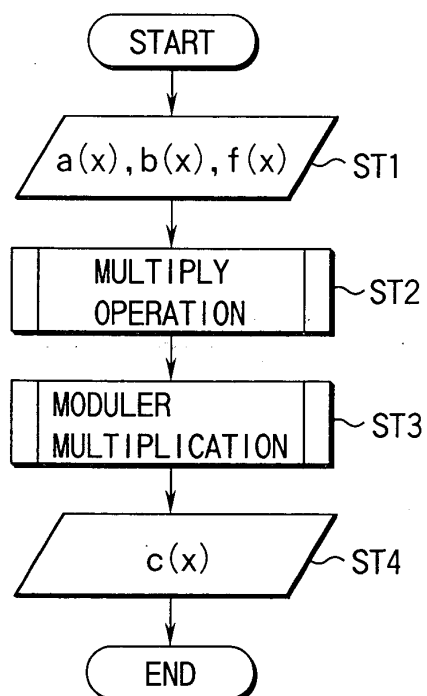


FIG. 14

The diagram illustrates the long division algorithm for polynomial division modulo a polynomial. It shows the following components and steps:

- Divisor:** A row of boxes at the top contains q_1 , q_2 , followed by a dashed line, and then q_n (QUOTIENT).
- Dividend:** A large box labeled $C^1(X)$ (DIVIDEND) is positioned below the divisor.
- Modulo Polynomial:** A box labeled $f(X)$ is on the left, with a bracket indicating it is used modulo the polynomial $f(X)$.
- First Step:** A box labeled $f(X) \cdot q_1$ is shown below the dividend. To its left, a circled plus sign \oplus is preceded by the text "14, 15", indicating a modular reduction step.
- Second Step:** A box labeled $C^2(X)$ is shown below the first result. To its left, another circled plus sign \oplus is preceded by "14, 15", indicating a second modular reduction step.
- Third Step:** A box labeled $f(X) \cdot q_2$ is shown below the second result. To its left, a third circled plus sign \oplus is preceded by "14, 15", indicating a third modular reduction step.
- Final Result:** A box labeled $C(X)$ (RESIDUE) is shown at the bottom, representing the final remainder after all steps.

FIG. 15

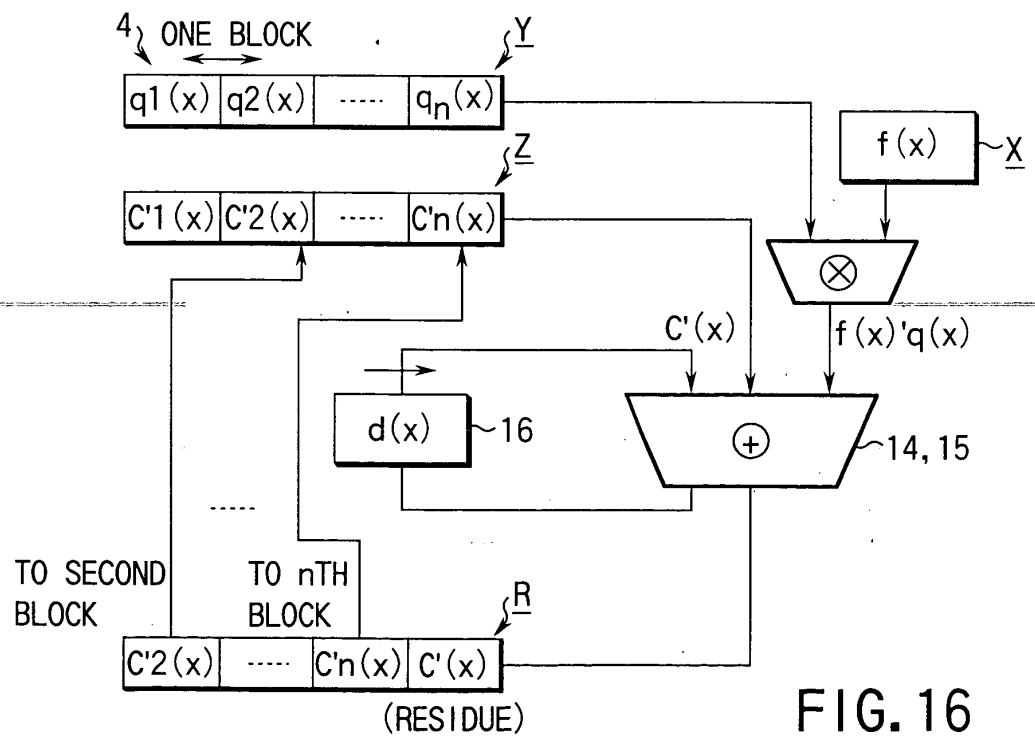


FIG. 16

[illegible]

COMMAND		m=160	m=1024
ADDITION		14	68
MULTIPLY		64	2,116
SQUARE		25	133
DIVIDE	PRE-CALCULATION	35	35
	MAIN BODY	134	2,564

ARITHMETIC OPERATION	NUMBER OF CLOCKS	SR RATIO
ADDITION	14	ABOUT 4.6 TIMES
MULTIPLY	198	ABOUT 1.2 TIMES
SQUARE	159	ABOUT 1 TIMES

FIG. 18

CIRCUIT SIZE (NUMBER OF GATES) OF COPROCESSOR

ARITHMETIC UNIT	8k
CONTROLLER	12.8k
RAM	8.5k
I/F	0.5k
WHOLE	ABOUT 30k

ADDITIONAL CIRCUIT SIZE (NUMBER OF GATES)
FOR INTEGER BASED COPROCESSOR

ARITHMETIC UNIT	1k
CONTROLLER	3.8k
RAM	0 (SHARED)
I/F	0 (SHARED)
WHOLE	4.8k

2025-11-27 14:54:50

INDEPENDENT CIRCUIT SIZE (NUMBER OF GATES) OF GF (2^m)

	m=160	m=1024
ARITHMETIC UNIT	3.1k	3.1k
CONTROLLER	3.8k	3.8k
RAM	2.3k	8.5k
I/F	0.5k	0.5k
WHOLE	ABOUT 10k	ABOUT 16k

FIG. 21

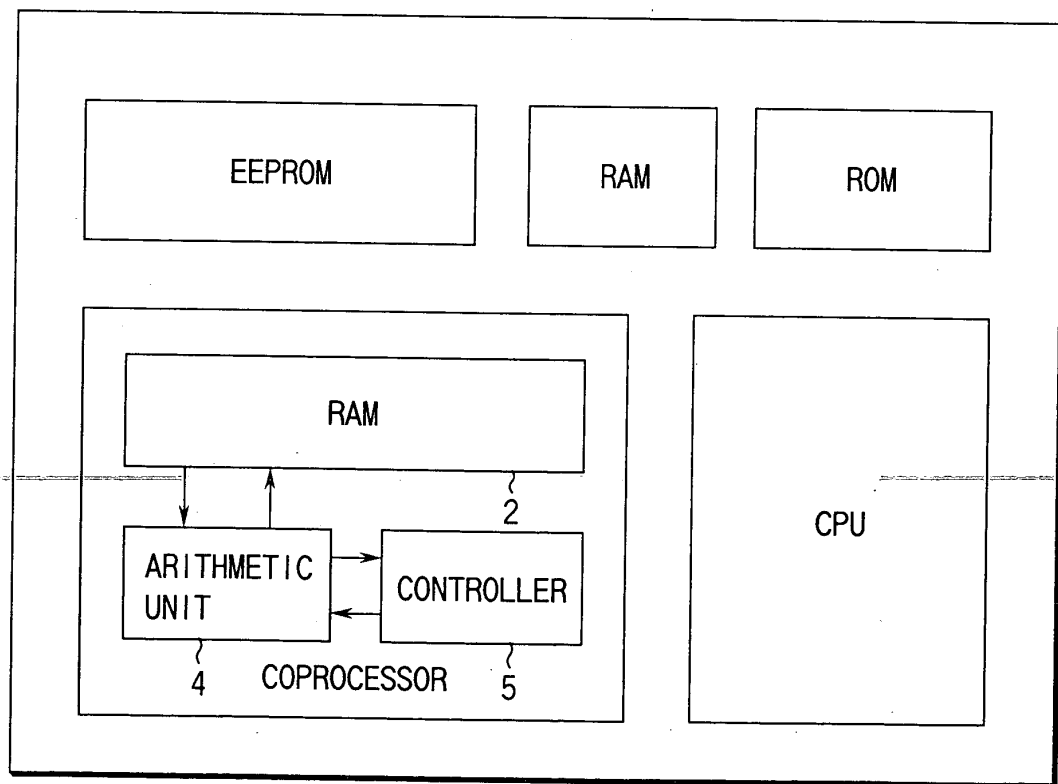


FIG. 23

[REDACTED]

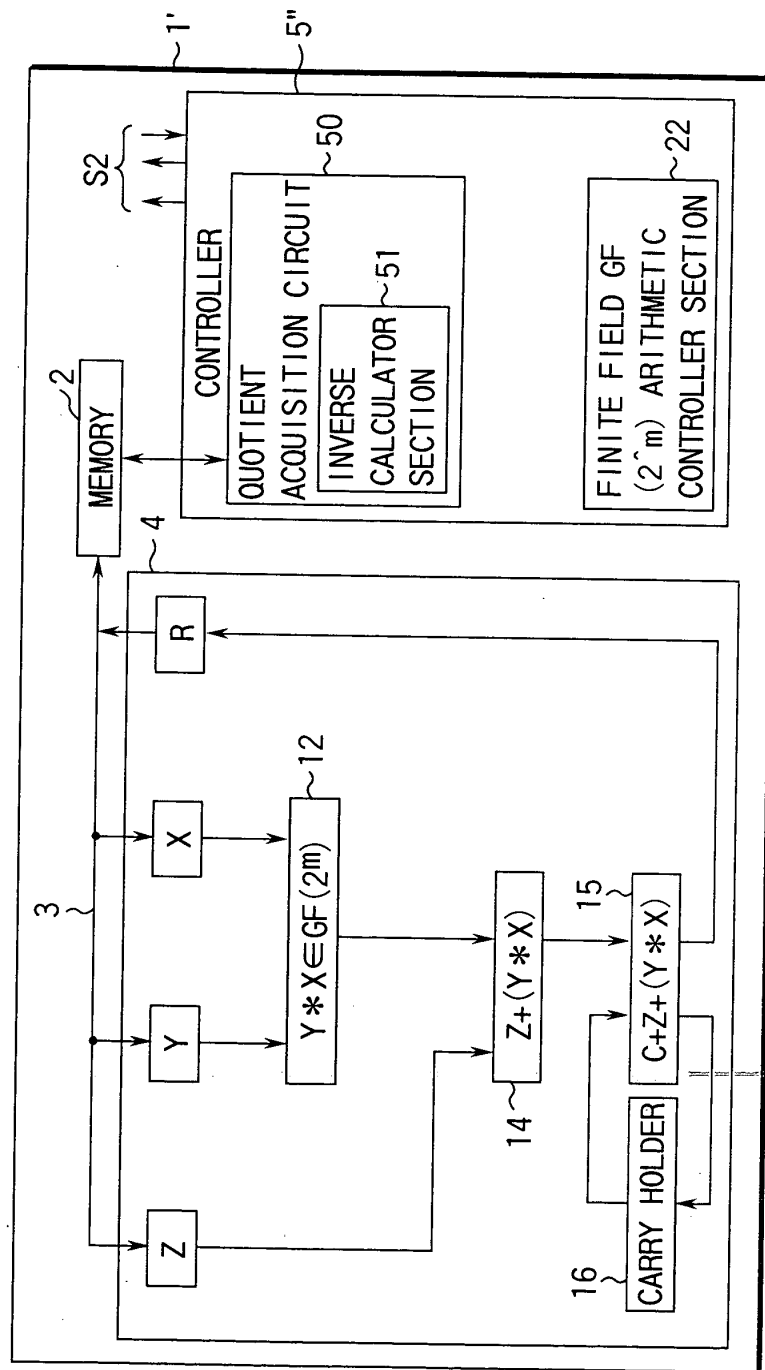
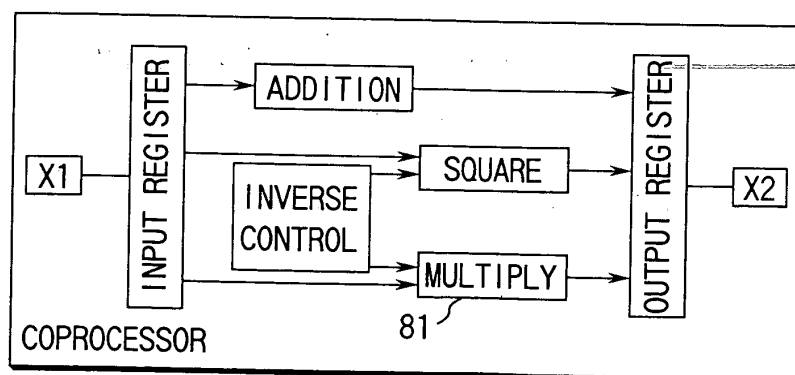
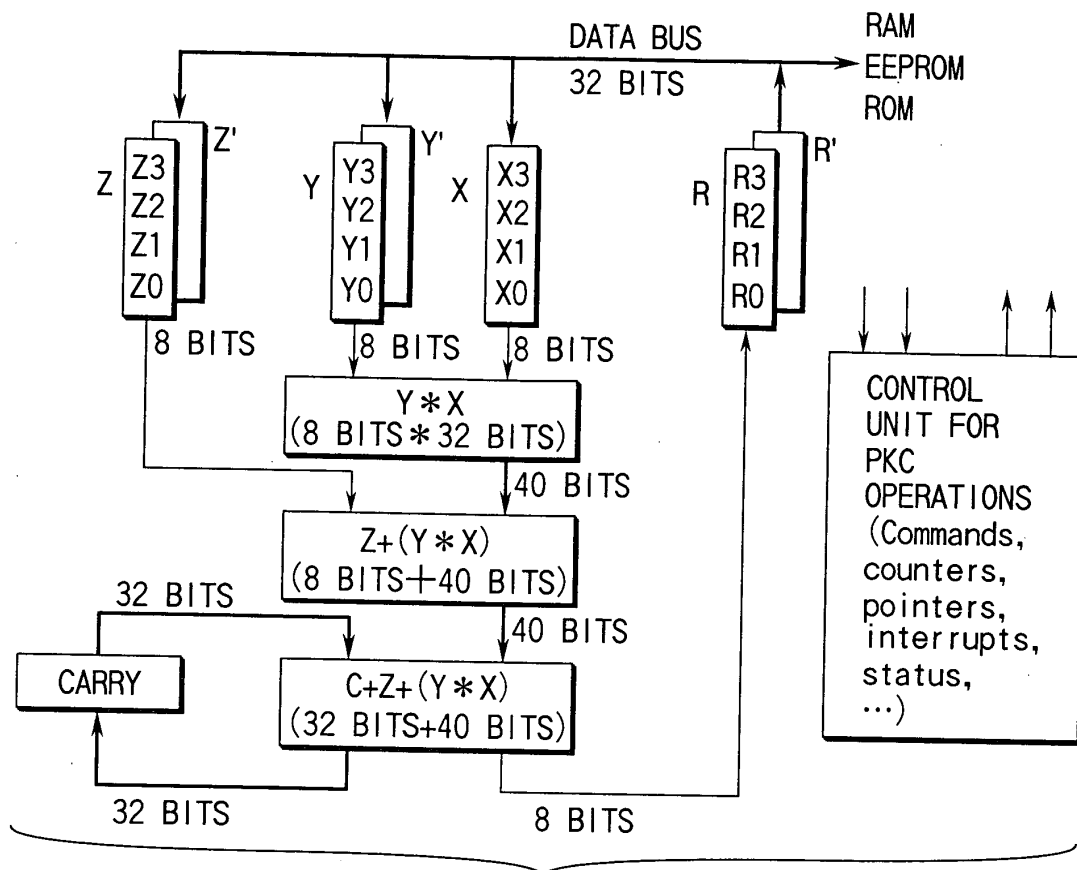


FIG. 22



2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

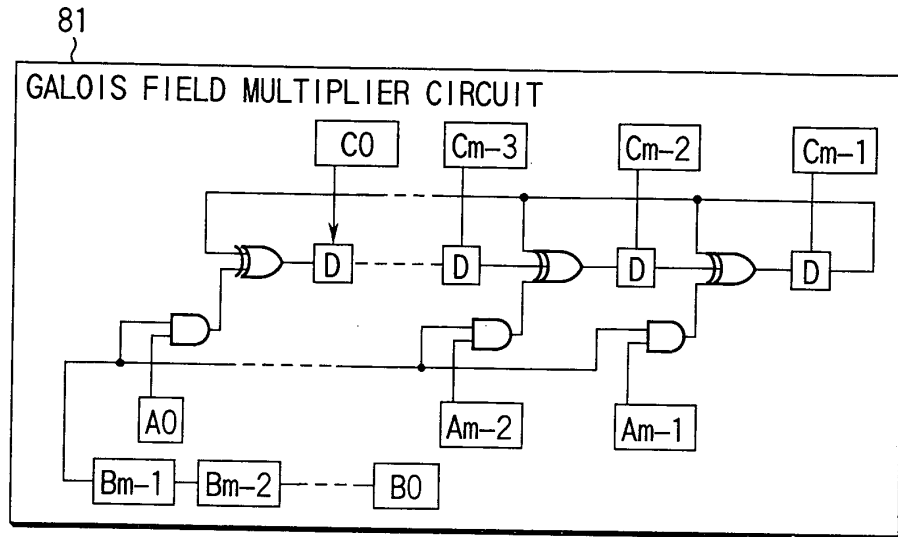


FIG. 26

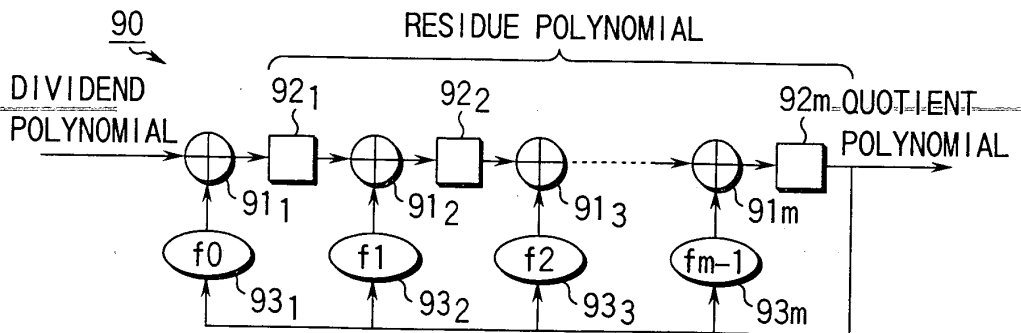


FIG. 27